Seminar on Cryptography and Security City College of San Francisco

Jack



CryptoHack

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Good Morning



Today's Plan

- Would love to have this talk be student led
- Happy to keep this informal, so if at any point a question pops into your head, then feel free to ask¹
- I'll take a few minutes to introduce myself to you all
- We can then jump straight into a Q&A, else I have some slides to share with you all

¹Disclaimer: I don't promise to always have a good answer!

A Random Walk to Cryptography

About Me

- Art School Dropout
- PhD in Theoretical Physics
- Discovered cryptography via CTFs
- Co-founder of CryptoHack
- Previously: Security Engineer with Northrop Grumman
- Coming soon: Consultant with the NCC Group Cryptography Services team

CryptoHack



CryptoHack

- Learn cryptography by breaking it
- 150+ puzzles and interactive challenges
- Fundamentals, AES, RSA,
 Diffie-Hellman, Elliptic Curves,
 hash functions, . . .
- Active community on Discord

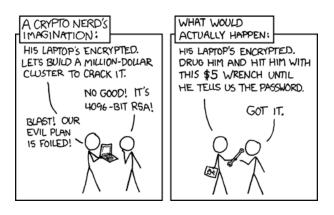


Most of what I know about cryptography, I learnt from creating CryptoHack challenges and talking with my CryptoHack friends.

Go and play CTFs!

- A good CTF covers all cyber security areas:
 - ⋆ Cryptography (My favourite)
 - ⋆ Pwn (Binary exploitation)
 - * Web
 - * Reverse engineering
 - * Forensics
- Chasing flags in teams is a great way to learn from each other and see other ways of problem solving
- Hard CTFs get you to the cutting edge of research
- For the competitive people here, CTFs are a great motivator to learn new topics!

Cryptography and Security



Three brands of failure

Very roughly, we see security vulnerabilities associated with *bad cryptography* in the following three scenarios:

Common mistakes

- Engineers have created their own cipher suite
- Engineers have taken secure cipher suites but incorrectly implemented (part of) the code
- Secret information has somehow been leaked

Mistake One

- Cryptography is very hard to design
- It's easy to list snake-oil and bizarre cryptosystems, but even giants fail
- What cryptosystems do you know of which have been broken / retired

Mistake One

Engineers have created their own cipher suite

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- DES can now be exhaustively cracked: https://crack.sh

Mistake Two

Engineers have taken secure cipher suites but incorrectly implemented (part of) the code

- This is a far more common security flaw
- What kind of problems do you imagine may have happened?

Mistake Two

Engineers have taken secure cipher suites but incorrectly implemented (part of) the code

• Bad public-key parameters chosen

Saltstack

```
E Showing 1 changed file with 1 addition and 1 deletion.
  @@ -47,7 +47,7 @@ def gen_keys(keydir, keyname, keysize, user=None):
                   priv = '{0}.pem'.format(base)
                   pub = '{0}.pub'.format(base)
   50
                   gen = RSA.gen_key(keysize, 1, callback=lambda x, y, z: None)
         50
                   gen = RSA.gen_key(keysize, 65537, callback=lambda x, y, z: None)
                   cumask = os.umask(191)
                   gen.save_key(priv, None)
                   os.umask(cumask)
```

Return of the Coppersmith Attack (ROCA)

- Estonian ID cards were protected with RSA
- Millions of cards were needed to be created, so engineers came up with a *fast* way to generate large primes:

$$p = k \cdot M + (65537^a \mod M)$$

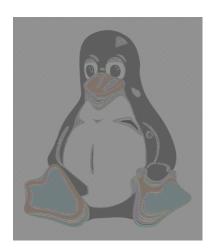
- Here *k*, *a* are secret integers, but *M* is the product of the first *n* primes.
- Too much of these primes are known, and we can use mathematics to recover *p*, *q* from *N*.

Mistake Two

Engineers have taken secure cipher suites but incorrectly implemented (part of) the code

- Bad public-key parameters chosen
- The wrong block cipher modes chosen

ECB Penguin



Abode Crossword

HACKERS RECENTLY LEAKED IS MILLION ADOBE USER EMAILS, ENCRYPTED PASSWORDS, AND PASSWORD HINTS.

ADOBE ENCRYPTED THE PASSWORDS IMPROPERLY, MISUSING BLOCK-MODE. 3DES. THE RESULT IS SOMETHING WONDERFUL:

USER PASSWORD	HINT	
4e18acc1ab27a2d6 4e18acc1ab27a2d6	WEATHER VANE SWORD	
4e18acclab27a2d6 aDa2876eblealfica	NAME1	
8babb6299e06eb6d	DUH	
8babb6299e06eb6d a0a2876rblea1fca		
8babb6299e06eb6d 85e9da81a8a78adc	57	
4e18acc1ab27a2d6	FAVORITE OF 12 APOSTLES	
1ab29ae86da6e5ca 7a2d6a0a2876eb1e	WITH YOUR OWN HAND YOU HAVE DONE ALL THIS	
a1F96266299e762b eadec1e6a6797397	SEXY EARLOBES	
a1f96266299e762b 617ab0277727ad85	BEST TOS EPISODE.	
3973867adb068af7 617ab0277727ad85	Sugarland	
1ab29ae86da6e5ca	NAME + JERSEY #	
877ab7889d3862b1	ALPHA	
877ab7889d3862b1		
877ab7889d3862b1		
877ab7889d3862b1	OBVIOUS	
877ab7889d3862b1	MICHAEL JACKSON	
38a7c9279cadeb44 9dcald79d4dec6d5		
38a7c9279cadeb44 9dca1d79d4dec6d5	HE DID THE MASH, HE DID THE	mmm .
38a7c9279cadeb44	PURLOINED	
0800574507670f70 9dro1d79d4dorUS	FAVILIATER-3 POKEMON	للسلسا

THE GREATEST CROSSWORD PUZZLE
IN THE HISTORY OF THE WORLD

Mistake Two

Engineers have taken secure cipher suites but incorrectly implemented (part of) the code

- Bad public-key parameters chosen
- The wrong block cipher modes chosen
- Uncounting counters
- Reused nonces (Hint: nonce = n_{once})
- Returning private keys as public
- Allowing users too much control in parameters
- ECC is secure, but not all curves are!

Secrets need to be *secret*

This leaves us with the most subtle of the three mistakes

Mistake Three

Secret information has somehow been leaked

- Post-it notes!
- Bad randomness
- Secrets left in Git repos (or in HTML source code²)
- Side-channel attacks

²https://twitter.com/GovParsonMO/status/1448697768311132160

Questions?

Thank you for listening

Questions?

CTF Resources

- CTFtime lists most upcoming CTFs and keeps track of scores. The more you win, the higher your teams global rank is! https://ctftime.org
- Huge list of resources: https://zaratec.github.io/ctf-practice/

My favourites:

- PicoCTF is a beginner's CTF which has a bunch of permanent challenges, as well as yearly competitions https://picoctf.org
- Subject specific:
 - * Cryptography https://cryptohack.org
 - * Pwn https://pwn.college
 - * Web www.pentesterlab.com
 - * Reversing http://reversing.kr/