CNIT 127: Exploit Development Vulnerability Discovery Ch 16: Fault Injection



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Fault Injection

- Long used to verify the fault tolerance of hardware, such as
 - Automobile and airplane components
 - Coffee makers
- Faults are injected through
 - Pins of integrated circuits
 - Bursts of EMI (Electromagnetic Interference)
 - Altered voltage levels, etc.

QA (Quality Assurance)

- Engineers test software for weaknesses with fault injection
- Automating these tests makes their work much more efficient
- They also use manual auditing techniques
 - Reverse engineering
 - Source code auditing

Topics

- Design Overview
- Fault Monitoring
- Putting It Together

Design Overview



Input Generation

- Select input that uses esoteric and untested software features
- This request uses the uncommon .ida filetype
 - An ISAPI filter included in IIS web server

```
GET /search.ida?group=kuroto&q=riot HTTP/1.1
Accept: */*
Accept-Language: en-us
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
User-Agent: Mozilla/4.0
Host: 192.168.1.1
Connection: Keep-Alive
Cookie: ASPSESSIONIDQNNNTEG=ODDDDIOANNCXXXXIIMGLLNNG
```

Generating Input

- Manual generation
 - Build inputs in a text editor
 - Time-consuming, but produces best results
- Automated generation
 - Creating fake input with a program
 - May waste time on buggy input

Generating Input

- Live capture
 - Inject faults directly into live network traffic
 - Requires complex adjustment of data size fields, checksums, etc.
- Fuzz generation
 - Researchers noticed core dumps when using a dial-up modem during a thunderstorm
 - Random data injection found many new faults

Fault Injection

- Open-source apps
 - Can be recompiled with special added code to improve fuzzing
 - Such as American Fuzzy Lop (link Fuzz 15)
- Closed-source apps
 - Only input data is modified

Modification Engines

- To find buffer overflows
 - Inject variable-sized data to elements
 - Use non-alphanumeric characters to delimit elements
 - Inject into elements, without altering delimiters

```
GET /index.html HTTP/1.1
Host: test.com
```

A sample run with ten iterations using the fault EEYE2003 would produce the following faulted input streams.

Sequential fault injection:

EEYE2003GET /index.html	HTTP/1.1\r\nHost:	test.com\r\n\r\n
GEEYE2003ET /index.html	HTTP/1.1\r\nHost:	test.com\r\n\r\n
GEEEYE2003T /index.html	HTTP/1.1\r\nHost:	test.com\r\n\r\n
GETEEYE2003 /index.html	HTTP/1.1\r\nHost:	test.com\r\n\r\n
GET EEYE2003/index.html	HTTP/1.1\r\nHost:	test.com\r\n\r\n
GET /EEYE2003index.html	HTTP/1.1\r\nHost:	test.com\r\n\r\n
GET /iEEYE2003ndex.html	HTTP/1.1\r\nHost:	test.com\r\n\r\n
GET /inEEYE2003dex.html	HTTP/1.1\r\nHost:	test.com\r\n\r\n
GET /indEEYE2003ex.html	HTTP/1.1\r\nHost:	test.com\r\n\r\n
GET /indeEEYE2003x.html	HTTP/1.1\r\nHost:	test.com\r\n\r\n

Fault injection using delimiter logic:

GETER	EYE2003 /index.html	HTTP/1.1\r\nHost:	test.com\r\n\r\n
GET E	EEYE2003/index.html	HTTP/1.1\r\nHost:	test.com\r\n\r\n
GET E	EEYE2003/index.html	HTTP/1.1\r\nHost:	test.com\r\n\r\n
GET /	/EEYE2003index.html	HTTP/1.1\r\nHost:	test.com\r\n\r\n
GET /	/indexEEYE2003.html	HTTP/1.1\r\nHost:	test.com\r\n\r\n
GET /	/index.EEYE2003html	HTTP/1.1\r\nHost:	test.com\r\n\r\n
GET /	/index.htmlEEYE2003	HTTP/1.1\r\nHost:	test.com\r\n\r\n
GET /	index.html EEYE2003	HTTP/1.1\r\nHost:	test.com\r\n\r\n

Defeating Input Sanitization

 Repeat existing characters instead of injecting new ones

GETTTTTTTTT /index.html HTTP/1.1\r\nHost: test.com\r\n\r\n /////////index.html HTTP/1.1\r\nHost: test.com\r\n\r\n GET /index.html HTTP/1.1\r\nHost: test.com\r\n\r\n GET /iiiiiiiiiiindex.html HTTP/1.1\r\nHost: test.com\r\n\r\n GET /indexxxxxxxx.html HTTP/1.1\r\nHost: test.com\r\n\r\n GET /index.hhhhhhhhhhhhhh HTTP/1.1\r\nHost: test.com\r\n\r\n GET GET /index.html HHHHHHHHHHHHHTTP/1.1\r\nHost: test.com\r\n\r\n GET /index.html HTTPPPPPPPPPPP/1.1\r\nHost: test.com\r\n\r\n GET /index.html HTTP/1111111111111.1\r\nHost: test.com\r\n\r\n GET

Fault Delivery

- 1. Create network connection to target application.
- 2. Send our modified input data over the created connection.
- 3. Wait momentarily for a response.
- 4. Close the network connection.
- Nagel algorithm
 - Delays transmission of small datagrams so they can be grouped together
 - Enabled by default in Windows
 - Must be disabled with NO_DELAY flag
 - Link Ch 16a

Fault Monitoring

Using a Debugger

- Good for interactive fault testing
- Capture every exception, if possible
 - Instead of passing them to the application first ("First chance")
- Access-violation exceptions are the most important
 - Indicate that data structures used to read or write to RAM were corrupted

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Ch 17: The Art of Fuzzing



Static Analysis

- Analyzing code that is not running
- Source code or binary
- Many bugs found this way are unimportant in practice
 - Because there is no input from the user that "reaches" the buggy code
 - There's no easy way to determine the reachability of a bug from static analysis

Fuzzing is Scalable

- An SMTP fuzzer can test any SMTP server
- No need to rewrite it
- Very simple strings may apply to many protocols
 - Such as "../" * 5000

Weaknesses in Fuzzers

- Some parts of code won't be hit by a fuzzer
 - Because it requires special input values we don't know about
- Fuzzing gets very slow if many parameters vary
- Fuzzing should be supplemented by static analysis and runtime binary analysis

SPIKE

- Builds a network packet by adding data one field at a time to a "spike" data structure
- Automatically fills in size fields, checksums, etc.
- Has various sending programs

 Such as generic_send_tcp

SPIKE Functions

- s_string("Hello, world!");
 - Adds the literal string Hello World! to the spike
- s_string_variable("MESSAGE");
 - Adds a series of varying strings to the spike
 - The first one is **MESSAGE**
- s_readline();

- Reads a message from the server

Very Simple SPIKE Script

• Enough to fuzz "Vulnerable Server"



X-Query (for Unix)

• Capture with WireShark

E Frame 3 (108 bytes on wire, 108 bytes captured) Ethernet II, Src: 00:50:ba:60:51:5c, Dat: 08:00:20:b5:a3:f3 E Internet Protocol, Src Addr: 192,168,1,101 (192,168,1,101), Dat Addr: 192,168,1,104 (192,168,1,104) E User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 34130 (34130), Dst Port: xdmcp (177) X Display Manager Control Protocol Version: 1 Opcode: Request (0x0007) Message length: 60 Display number: 2 Connections (1) Connection 1: 192,168,1,101 Type: Internet Address: 192,168,1,101 Authentication name: Authentication data (0 bytes) Authorization names (2) Authorization name: MIT-MAGIC-COOKIE-1 Authorization name: XC-OUERY-SECURITY-1 Manufacturer display ID:

Spike Script (Partial)

//version s binary("00 01"); //Opcode (request=07) //3 is onebyte //5 is two byte big endian s int variable(0x0007,5); //message length //s binary("00 17 "); s binary block size halfword bigendian("message"); s block start("message"); //display number s int variable(0x0001,5); //connections s binary("01"); //internet type s int variable(0x0000,5); //address 192.168.1.100 //connection 1 s binary("01"); //size in bytes //s binary("00 04"); s binary block size halfword bigendian("ip"); //ip s block start("ip"); s binary("c0 a8 01 64"); s block end("ip"); //authentication name //s binary("00 00"); s_binary_block_size_halfword_bigendian("authname"); s block start("authname");

Project Walk-Through Fuzzing with SPIKE

<pre>root@kali:~/spike# ge</pre>	eneric_send_tcp	172.16.1.129	9999 trun.spk	00
Total Number of Strin	ngs is 681			
Fuzzing	172.16.1.129		2962 60461→9999 [A	
Fuzzing Variable 0:0	172.10.1.129			CKI Seam
line read=Welcome to	Vulnerable Serv	/er! Enter HEL	P for help.	
Fuzzing Variable 0:1	172.16.1.132			
Variablesize= 5004				
Fuzzing Variable 0:2				
Variablesize= 5005				
Fuzzing Variable 0:3				
Variablesize= 21				
Fuzzing Variable 0:4				
Variablesize= 3				
Fuzzing Variable 0:5	s), 74 bytes capture	d (592 bits) on in	terface O	
Variablesize=_2:bd:3a	(00:0c:29:2c:bd:3a),	Dst: Vmware_Oc:84:	18 (00:0c:29:0c:84:)	18)
Fuzzing Variable 0:6	172.16.1.132 (172.16.	1.132), Dst: 172.1	6.1.129 (172.16.1.1	
Variablesize= 7				
Fuzzing Variable 0:7				
Variablesize= 48 🗠 🗠)),.:E.		
ac ec 2d 27 Of b5 7e 72 49		. <e.@< th=""><th></th><th></th></e.@<>		
root@kali:~/spike#				