#### **Practical Malware Analysis**

#### Ch 7: Analyzing Malicious Windows Programs



Rev. 2-27-17

#### The Windows API (Application Programming Interface)

## What is the API?

- Governs how programs interact with Microsoft libraries
- Concepts
  - Types and Hungarian Notation
  - Handles
  - File System Functions
  - Special Files

## Types and Hungarian Notation

- Windows API has its own names to represent C data types
  - Such as DWORD for 32-bit unsigned integers and WORD for 16-bit unsigned integers
- Hungarian Notation
  - Variables that contain a 32-bit unsigned integer start with the prefix dw

#### **Common API Types**

Type (Prefix) Meaning

WORD (w) DWORD (dw) Handle (H) Long Pointer (LP) 16-bit unsigned value32-bit unsigned valueA reference to an objectPoints to another type

#### Handles

- Items opened or created in the OS, like Window, process, menu, file, ...
- Handles are like pointers to those objects

   They not pointers, however
- The only thing you can do with a handle is store it and use it in a later function call to refer to the same object

#### Handle Example

- The CreateWindowEx function returns an HWND, a handle to the window
- To do anything to that window (such as DestroyWindow), use that handle

## File System Functions

- CreateFile, ReadFile, WriteFile
   Normal file input/output
- CreateFileMapping, MapViewOfFile
  - Used by malware, loads file into RAM
  - Can be used to execute a file without using the Windows loader

## **Special Files**

- Shared files like \\server\share
  - Or \\?\server\share
    - Disables string parsing, allows longer filenames

#### Namespaces

- Special folders in the Windows file system
  - Lowest namespace, contains everything
    \\.\Device namespace used for direct disk input/output
    Witty worm wrote to \\.\PhysicalDisk1 to corrupt the disk
    Link Ch 7a

#### **Special Files**

- Alternate Data Streams
  - Second stream of data attached to a filename
  - File.txt:otherfile.txt

Administrator: Command Prompt C:\Users\sam\ads>echo 1 > foo C:\Users\sam\ads>dir foo Volume in drive C is Win7 Volume Serial Number is 80F8-F717 Directory of C:\Users\sam\ads 09/23/2013 05:31 PM 4 foo 1 File(s) 4 bytes Ø Dir(s) 78,679,588,864 bytes free C:\Users\sam\ads>echo 22222222222222222222222222222 > foo:bar.txt C:\Users\sam\ads>dir foo Volume in drive C is Win7 Volume Serial Number is 80F8-F717 Directory of C:\Users\sam\ads 09/23/2013 05:31 PM 4 foo 1 File(s) 4 bytes Ø Dir(s) 78,679,588,864 bytes free C:\Users\sam\ads>notepad foo:bar.txt C:\Users\sam\ads) - -📄 foo:bar.txt - Notepad File Edit Format View Help 

#### The Windows Registry

# **Registry Purpose**

- Store operating system and program configuration settings

   Desktop background, mouse preferences, etc.
- Malware uses the registry for persistence
  - Making malware re-start when the system reboots

# **Registry Terms**

• Root keys These 5



- Subkey
- Key
- Value entry
- Value or Data
- REGEDIT

- A folder within a folder
- A folder; can contain folders or values
- Two parts: name and data
- The data stored in a registry entry
  - Tool to view/edit the Registry

## Root Keys

#### **Registry Root Keys**

The registry is split into the following five root keys:

- HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE (HKLM). Stores settings that are global to the local machine
- HKEY\_CURRENT\_USER (HKCU). Stores settings specific to the current user
- HKEY\_CLASSES\_ROOT. Stores information defining types
- HKEY\_CURRENT\_CONFIG. Stores settings about the current hardware configuration, specifically
  differences between the current and the standard configuration
- HKEY\_USERS. Defines settings for the default user, new users, and current users

## Run Key

- HKLM\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion \Run
  - Executables that start when a user logs on

Registry Editor					
Contraction revolutes Personalization     PhotoProperty     PnPSysprep     Policies     PreviewHandle     PropertySyster     Reliability     RenameFiles     Run     Run     Run	Name (Default) Adobe ARM BoxSyncHelper Adobe ARM Comparison BoxSyncHelper Comparison SoundMan SunJavaUpdateSched	Type REG_SZ REG_SZ REG_SZ REG_SZ REG_SZ REG_SZ REG_SZ	Data (value not set) "C:\Program Files\Common Files\Adobe\ARM\1.0\AdobeARM.exe" "C:\Program Files\Box Sync\BoxSyncHelper.exe" "C:\Program Files\Microsoft IntelliType Pro\itype.exe" "C:\Program Files\LogMeIn\x86\LogMeInSystray.exe" SOUNDMAN.EXE "C:\Program Files\Common Files\Java\Java Update\jusched.exe"		
Computer\HKET_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\MICrosoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Run					

#### Autoruns

- Sysinternals tool
- Lists code that will run automatically when system starts
  - Executables
  - DLLs loaded into IE and other programs
  - Drivers loaded into Kernel
  - It checks 25 to 30 registry locations
  - Won't necessarily find all automatically running code
- Link Ch 7b

#### Autoruns

Autoruns [sam-c216\sam] - Sysinternals: v	www.sysinternals.com				
Eile Entry Options User Help					
Codecs 🔄 Boot Execute 🔄 Image Hjacks 🕥 Appinit 🕥 KnownDLLs				Winlogon	Ninsock Providers
Print Monitors	🔄 Print Monitors 😵 LSA Providers 🔮 Network Provider				Sidebar Gadgets
📲 Everything 🛛 😹 Logon	S Explorer	Finternet Explorer	Scheduled	Tasks 🧠 🎭 Se	rvices 🔏 Drivers
Autorun Entry Description	Publisher	Image F	ath	Timestamp	*
# HKLM\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\Cu	ment/version/Run			6/10/2013 10:28 AM	
🛛 🗹 💹 Adobe ARM 🔹 Adobe Reader and	Acrobat Adobe Systems	Incorporated c:\progra	m files\common fil	4/4/2013 2:05 PM	E
📝 💽 BoxSyncHelper 🛛 Box Sync Helper Pr	tocess Bax, Inc.	c:\progr	m files\bax sync\b	6/7/2013 9:19 PM	
🗹 🥥 itype IType.exe	Microsoft Corpo	ration c:\progr	m files/microsoft in	5/20/2009 7:36 PM	
🗵 📝 LogMein GUI 🛛 LogMein Desktop /	Application LogMeIn, Inc.	c:\progr	m files\logmein\v8	4/12/2007 10:44 AM	
🗹 🙀 SoundMan 🛛 Realtek Sound Mar	nager Realtek Semico	onductor Corp. c:\windo	ws\soundman.exe	3/8/2009 9:29 PM	
🔣 🔣 SunJavaUpdat Java(TM) Update S	Scheduler Oracle Corporat	tion c:\progra	m files\common fil	3/12/2013 8:32 AM	
C:\ProgramData\Microsoft\Windows\Start M	fenu/Programs/Startup			8/12/2013 4:03 PM	
🗹 🐻 Box Sync.Ink. 🛛 Box Sync	Bax, Inc.	c:\progr	m files\bax sync\b	6/7/2013 9:19 PM	
C:\Users\sam\AppData\Roaming\Microsoft	Windows\Start Menu\Prog	grams/Startup		9/12/2013 8:07 AM	
📝 📪 Dropbox.Ink. Dropbox	Dropbax, Inc.	c:/users/	sam\appdata\roa	4/5/2013 1:44 PM	
HKLM\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Active Setup	Ninstalled Components			9/14/2009 6:01 PM	
Microsoft Wind Windows Mail	Microsoft Corpo	ration c:\progra	m files/windows m	7/13/2009 4:42 PM	
HKCU\Software\Microsoft\Windows\Current	(Version/Run			1/13/2012 11:02 AM	
🗹 📆 Google Update 🛛 Google Installer	Google Inc.	c:/users/	sam\appdata\loca	8/22/2008 12:35 PM	
🗹 🝊 SkyDrive Microsoft SkyDrive	Microsoft Corpo	ration c:\users'	sam\appdata\loca	8/11/2013 5:55 PM	
# HKLM\S0FTWARE\Classes\Protocols\Filte	fl			7/13/2009 9:41 PM	
🗹 🚳 text/xml Microsoft Office XM	IL MIME Microsoft Corpo	sation c:\progra	m files\common fil	7/12/2003 3:19 AM	
# HKLM\SOFTWARE\Classes\Protocols\Han	der			7/13/2009 9.41 PM	
Microsoft Office XP	Web C Microsoft Corpo	sation c:\progra	m files\common fil	8/4/2003 12:27 PM	
Microsoft Office We	eb Comp Microsoft Corpo	sation c:\progra	m files\common fil	8/1/2003 3:01 PM	
HKCU\Software\Classes\*\ShellEx\Context	MenuHandlers			9/14/2009 10:21 PM	
SkyDriveEx Microsoft SkyDrive	Shell Ex Microsoft Corpo	xation c:\users'	.sam\appdata\loca	8/11/2013 5:55 PM	*
(Escape to cancel) Scanning			1	Windows Entries Hidder	n

## **Common Registry Functions**

- RegOpenKeyEx
  - Opens a registry key for editing and querying
- RegSetValueEx
  - Adds a new value to the registry & sets its data
- RegGetValue
  - Returns the data for a value entry in the Registry
- Note: Documentation will omit the trailing W (wide) or A (ASCII) character in a call like RegOpenKeyExW

# Ex, A, and W Suffixes

#### FUNCTION NAMING CONVENTIONS

When evaluating unfamiliar Windows functions, a few naming conventions are worth noting because they come up often and might confuse you if you don't recognize them. For example, you will often encounter function names with an Ex suffix, such as CreateWindowEx. When Microsoft updates a function and the new function is incompatible with the old one, Microsoft continues to support the old function. The new function is given the same name as the old function, with an added Ex suffix. Functions that have been significantly updated twice have two Ex suffixes in their names.

Many functions that take strings as parameters include an A or a W at the end of their names, such as CreateDirectoryW. This letter does *not* appear in the documentation for the function; it simply indicates that the function accepts a string parameter and that there are two different versions of the function: one for ASCII strings and one for wide character strings. Remember to drop the trailing A or W when searching for the function in the Microsoft documentation.

• From Ch 2

```
Example 8-1. Code that modifies registry settings
0040286F
                                 : samDesired
          push
                  2
          push
00402871
                                 ; ulOptions
                  eax
00402872
          push offset SubKey
"Software\\Microsoft\\Windows\\CurrentVersion\\Run"
00402877
          push
                HKEY LOCAL MACHINE ; hKey
0040287C Call esi; RegOpenKeyExW
0040287E test eax, eax
00402880
          jnz
                  short loc 4028C5
00402882
00402882 loc 402882:
00402882
         lea
                  ecx, [esp+424h+Data]
00402886
          push
                                 ; lpString
                  ecx
                 bl, 1
00402887
          mov
00402889 Zcall ds:lstrlenW
0040288F lea
                  edx, [eax+eax+2]
00402893
         Boush
                  edx
                                 : cbData
00402894
                  edx, [esp+428h+hKey]
          MOV
00402898
         4lea
                  eax, [esp+428h+Data]
0040289C
          push
                                 ; lpData
                  eax
0040289D
          push
                  1
                                 ; dwType
0040289F
          push
                  0
                                 ; Reserved
         Slea
004028A1
                  ecx, [esp+434h+ValueName]
          push
                                 ; lpValueName
004028A8
                  ecx
004028A9
          push
                  edx
                                 ; hKey
          call
                  ds:RegSetValueExW
004028AA
```

#### .REG Files



#### .REG Files

Export Registr	y File			×	
Save in:	Documents	•	G 🦻 🖻 🛄 -		
œ.	Name	*	Date modified	Туре	
Recent Places	My Documen	its (1) iio 2012	9/18/2013 4:48 PM	File folder	
Desktop					
Libraries					
1					
Computer					
			•		
Network	•				
	File name:	RunKey		Save	
	Save as type:	Registration Files (*.reg)	•	Cancel	
Export range O All O Selected branch					
HKEY_LO	HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Run				

#### .REG Files

```
RunKey.reg - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
Windows Registry Editor Version 5.00
[HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Run]
"VMware User Process"="\"C:\\Program Files\\VMware\\VMware Tools\\vmtoolsd.exe\" -n
vmusr"
"SunJavaUpdateSched"="\"C:\\Program Files\\Common Files\\Java\\Java Update\
\jusched.exe\""
 DivXUpdate"="\"C:\\Program Files\\DivX\\DivX Update\\DivXUpdate.exe\" /CHECKNOW"
"Adobe Reader Speed Launcher"="\"C:\\Program Files\\Adobe\\Reader 9.0\\Reader\
\Reader_sl.exe\
 'Adobe ARM"="\"C:\\Program Files\\Common Files\\Adobe\\ARM\\1.0\\AdobeARM.exe\""
[HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Run\OptionalComponents]
ā=""
[HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Run\OptionalComponents
\IMAIL]
@=""
"Installed"="1"
[HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Run\OptionalComponents
(MAPI]
a_""
"Installed"="1"
"NoChange"="1"
[HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Run\OptionalComponents
(MSFS]
a=""
"Installed"="1"
```

#### **Networking APIs**

## **Berkeley Compatible Sockets**

- Winsock libraries, primarily in ws2\_32.dll
  - Almost identical in Windows and Unix
  - Berkeley compatible sockets

Function	Description
socket	Creates a socket
bind	Attaches a socket to a particular port, prior to the accept call
listen	Indicates that a socket will be listening for incoming connections
accept	Opens a connection to a remote socket and accepts the connection
connect	Opens a connection to a remote socket; the remote socket must be waiting for the connection
recv	Receives data from the remote socket
send	Sends data to the remote socket

#### NOTE

The WSAStartup function must be called before any other networking functions in order to allocate resources for the networking libraries. When looking for the start of network connections while debugging code, it is useful to set a breakpoint on WSAStartup, because the start of networking should follow shortly.

### Server and Client Sides

- Server side
  - Maintains an open socket waiting for connections
  - Calls, in order, socket, bind, listen, accept
  - Then send and recv as necessary
- Client side
  - Connects to a waiting socket
  - Calls, in order, **socket**, **connect**
  - Then send and recv as necessary

## Simplified Server Program

Realistic code would call **WSAGetLastError** many times

00401041	push	ecx	;	lpWSAData
00401042	push	202h	;	wVersionRequested
00401047	mov	word ptr [esp+25	501	h+name.sa_data], ax
0040104C	call	ds:WSAStartup		
00401052	push	0	;	protocol
00401054	push	1	;	type
00401056	push	2	;	af
00401058	call	ds:socket		
0040105E	push	10h	;	namelen
00401060	lea	edx, [esp+24Ch+r	nar	ne]
00401064	mov	ebx, eax		
00401066	push	edx	;	name
00401067	push	ebx	;	s
00401068	call	ds: <b>bind</b>		
0040106E	mov	esi, ds: <b>listen</b>		
00401074	push	5	;	backlog
00401076	push	ebx	;	s
00401077	call	esi ; <b>listen</b>		
00401079	lea	eax, [esp+248h+a	ade	drlen]
0040107D	push	eax	;	addrlen
0040107E	lea	ecx, [esp+24Ch+h	or	stshort]
00401082	push	ecx	;	addr
00401083	push	ebx	;	s
00401084	call	ds:accept		

## The WinlNet API

- Higher-level API than Winsock
- Functions in *Wininet.dll*
- Implements Application-layer protocols like HTTP and FTP
- InternetOpen connects to Internet
- InternetOpenURL -connects to a URL
- InternetReadFile -reads data from a downloaded file

#### Following Running Malware

## **Transferring Execution**

- jmp and call transfer execution to another part of code, but there are other ways
  - DLLs
  - Processes
  - Threads
  - Mutexes
  - Services
  - Component Object Model (COM)
  - Exceptions

# DLLs (Dynamic Link Libraries)

- Share code among multiple applications
- DLLs export code that can be used by other applications
- Static libraries were used before DLLs

   They still exist, but are much less common
  - They cannot share memory among running processes
  - Static libraries use more RAM than DLLs

## **DLL Advantages**

- Using DLLs already included in Windows makes code smaller
- Software companies can also make custom DLLs
  - Distribute DLLs along with EXEs

#### How Malware Authors Use DLLs

- Store malicious code in DLL
  - Sometimes load malicious DLL into another process
- Using Windows DLLs

   Nearly all malware uses basic Windows DLLS
- Using third-party DLLs
  - Use Firefox DLL to connect to a server, instead of Windows API

## **Basic DLL Structure**

- DLLs are very similar to EXEs
- PE file format
- A single flag indicates that it's a DLL instead of an EXE
- DLLs have more exports & fewer imports
- **DllMain** is the main function, not exported, but specified as the entry point in the PE Header

- Called when a function loads or unloads the library

#### Processes

- Every program being executed by Windows is a process
- Each process has its own resources — Handles, memory
- Each process has one or more threads
- Older malware ran as an independent process
- Newer malware executes its code as part of another process
#### Many Processes Run at Once

Processes	Services Perform	ance	Networking	Users
Image Name	User Name	CPU	Memory (.	Description
AdobeARM.exe	student	00	2,036	K Adobe Reader and Acrob
cmd.exe	student	00	496	K Windows Command Proce
conhost.exe	student	00	864	K Console Window Host
conhost.exe	student	00	548	K Console Window Host
csrss.exe	SYSTEM	00	1,316	K Client Server Runtime Pro
csrss.exe	SYSTEM	00	4,716	K Client Server Runtime Pro
dlhost.exe	SYSTEM	00	2,044	K COM Surrogate
dwm.exe	student	00	4,904	K Desktop Window Manager
explorer.exe	student	00	21,488	K Windows Explorer
gogoc.exe	SYSTEM	00	976	K gogoCLIENT
jucheck.exe	student	00	2,332	K Java(TM) Update Checker
jusched.exe	student	00	1,032	K Java(TM) Update Scheduler
sass.exe	SYSTEM	00	2,396	K Local Security Authority P
lsm.exe	SYSTEM	00	1,216	K Local Session Manager Se
msdtc.exe	NETWORK SE	00	1,828	K Microsoft Distributed Tran
notepad.exe	student	00	828	K Notepad ·
Show processes fr	om all users			End Drocare

#### Memory Management

- Each process uses resources, like CPU, file system, and memory
- OS allocates memory to each process
- Two processes accessing the same memory address actually access different locations in RAM
  - Virtual address space (link Ch 7c)

## Creating a New Process

- CreateProcess
  - Can create a simple remote shell with one function call
  - STARTUPINFO parameter contains handles for standard input, standard output, and standard error streams
    - Can be set to a socket, creating a remote shell

#### Code to Create a Shell

Example 8-4. Sample code using the CreateProcess call					
004010DA <b>mov</b>	eax, dword ptr [esp+58h+SocketHandle]				
004010DE lea	edx, [esp+58h+StartupInfo]				
004010E2 push	ecx ; lpProcessInformation				
004010E3 push	edx ; lpStartupInfo				
004010E4 <b>1</b> mov	[esp+60h+StartupInfo.hStdError], eax				
004010E8 <mark>2</mark> mov	[esp+60h+StartupInfo.hStdOutput], eax				
004010EC <b>B</b> mov	[esp+60h+StartupInfo.hStdInput], eax				
004010F0 🖣 Mov	eax, dword_403098				
004010F5 push	0 ; lpCurrentDirectory				
004010F7 push	0 ; lpEnvironment				
004010F9 push	0 ; dwCreationFlags				
004010FB mov	dword ptr [esp+6Ch+CommandLine], eax				

 Loads socket handle, StdError, StdOutput and StdInput into lpProcessInformation

004010FF	push	1	; bInheritHandles
00401101	push	0	; lpThreadAttributes
00401103	lea	eax, [esp+74h+C	CommandLine]
00401107	push	0	; lpProcessAttributes
00401109	5push	eax	; lpCommandLine
0040110A	push	0	; lpApplicationName
0040110C	MOV	[esp+80h+Startu	ıpInfo.dwFlags], 101h
00401114	6 <mark>call</mark>	ds:CreateProces	sA

- CommandLine contains the command line
- It's executed when CreateProcess is called

# Threads

- Processes are containers
  - Each process contains one or more threads
- Threads are what Windows actually executes
- Threads
  - Independent sequences of instructions
  - Executed by CPU without waiting for other threads
  - Threads within a process share the same memory space
  - Each thread has its own registers and stack

# **Thread Context**

- When a thread is running, it has complete control of the CPU
- Other threads cannot affect the state of the CPU
- When a thread changes a register, it does not affect any other threads
- When the OS switches to another thread, it saves all CPU values in a structure called the thread context

## Creating a Thread

- CreateThread
  - Caller specified a start address, also called a start function

#### How Malware Uses Threads

- Use **CreateThread** to load a malicious DLL into a process
- Create two threads, for input and output
  - Used to communicate with a running application

#### Interprocess Coordination with Mutexes

- **Mutexes** are global objects that coordinate multiple processes and threads
- In the kernel, they are called **mutants**
- Mutexes often use hard-coded names which can be used to identify malware

#### **Functions for Mutexes**

- WaitForSingleObject
  - Gives a thread access to the mutex
  - Any subsequent threads attempting to gain access to it must wait
- ReleaseMutex
  - Called when a thread is done using the mutex
- CreateMutex
- OpenMutex

- Gets a handle to another process's mutex

#### Making Sure Only One Copy of Malware is Running

push

00401007

- OpenMutex checks if HGL345 exists
- If not, it is created with CreateMutex
- 0040100C lcall ds: imp OpenMutexW@12 ; OpenMutexW(x,x,x) 00401012 2test eax. eax 00401014 Bjz short loc 40101E 00401016 push Θ ; int 00401018 4call ds: imp exit offset Name 0040101E push : "HGL345" 00401023 push 0 : bInitialOwner 00401025 push 0 : lpMutexAttributes Scall ds: imp CreateMutexW@12 ; 00401027 CreateMutexW(x,x,x)

: dwDesiredAccess

1F0001h

 test eax, eax sets Z flag if eax is zero (link Ch 7d)

#### Services

 Services run in the background without user input

pplications Processes Services	Perfo	rmance Networking Users			
Name	PID	Description	Status	Group	^
AeLookupSvc ALG AppHostSvc AppIDSvc Appinfo AppMgmt aspnet_state	1460	Application Experience Application Layer Gateway Service Application Host Helper Service Application Identity Application Information Application Management ASP.NET State Service	Stop Stop Stop Stop Stop Stop	netsvcs N/A apphost LocalServic netsvcs netsvcs N/A	.m.
Audiosrv AxInstSV BDESVC BFE BITS	756 1372 936	Windows Audio ActiveX Installer (AxInstSV) BitLocker Drive Encryption Service Base Filtering Engine Background Intelligent Transfer Service	Runn Stop Stop Runn Runn	LocalServic AxInstSVG netsvcs LocalServic netsvcs	
Browser bthserv	936	Computer Browser Bluetooth Support Service	Runn Stop	netsvcs bthsvcs	Ŧ

#### SYSTEM Account

- Services often run as SYSTEM which is even more powerful than the Administrator
- Services can run automatically when Windows starts
  - An easy way for malware to maintain persistence
  - Persistent malware survives a restart

## Service API Functions

- OpenSCManager
  - Returns a handle to the Service Control Manager
- CreateService
  - Adds a new service to the Service Control
     Manager
  - Can specify whether the service will start automatically at boot time
- StartService

- Only used if the service is set to start manually

#### Svchost.exe

- WIN32\_SHARE\_PROCESS
  - Most common type of service used by malware
  - Stores code for service in a DLL
  - Combines several services into a single shared process named svchost.exe

#### Svchost.exe in Process Explorer

Process Explorer - Sysinternals: www.sysinternals.com [W7\student]					
File Options View Process Find DLL Users Help					
🛃 🛃 🛒 🖻 🗂 🍪 🚰	* 4	•			
Process	PID	CPU	Private Bytes	Working Set	Description
System Idle Process	0	97.61	0 K	24 K	
E System	4	0.15	44 K	672 K	
Interrupts	n/a	0.42	0 K	0 K	Hardware Inter
smss.exe	260		224 K	792 K	Windows Sess
CSrss.exe	352		2,472 K	4,160 K	Client Server R
🖃 💽 wininit.exe	404		892 K	3,360 K	Windows Start
services.exe	508		4,312 K	6,512 K	Services and C
svchost.exe	640		2,904 K	7,208 K	Host Process f
WmiPrvSE.exe	3736		1,768 K	4,752 K	WMI Provider I
svchost.exe	708		3,196 K	6,716 K	Host Process f
svchost.exe	756		14,268 K	14,420 K	Host Process f
audiodg.exe	1680		15,016 K	14.024 K	Windows Audio
svchost.exe	840	< 0.01	44,436 K	50,672 K	Host Process f
dwm.exe	2848	0.20	88,212 K	34,328 K	Desktop Winde
svchost.exe Comman	d Line:				
svchost.exe C:\Wir	C:\Windows\System32\svchost.exe -k LocalSystemNetworkRestricted			orkRestricted	
svchost.exe Path:	Path: CVM/tedaura Sectors 22) and actions (Lease Sectors Natural Participal)				
spoolsv.exe Services	Services:				
svchost.exe Deskte	Desktop Window Manager Session Manager [UxSms]				
svchost.exe Distrib	Distributed Link Tracking Client [TrkWks]				
G gogoc.exe Netwo	Network Connections [Netman]				
solwiter.exe Progra	m Compat	ibility As	sistant Service [Po	a Svol	
Name Descrip Remot	e Desktor	Service	es UserMode Port	Redirector [Um]	RdpService]
Super	etch [Sys	Main]			
Windo	ws Audio	Endpoin	t Builder [AudioEnd	Ipoint Builder]	. furnetter al
Windo	Windows Driver Foundation - User-mode Driver Framework [wudfsvc]				(wudrsvcj

# **Other Common Service Types**

• WIN32\_OWN\_PROCESS

- Runs as an EXE in an independent process

• KERNEL\_DRIVER

– Used to load code into the Kernel

#### Service Information in the Registry

- HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Services
  - Start value = 0x03 for "Load on Demand"
  - Type = 0x20 for WIN32\_SHARE\_PROCESS
    - Link Ch 7e

💣 Registry Editor			
File Edit View Favorites Help			
Beep     BFE     BFE     BITS     Bowser     BrfiltLo     BrFiltUp     Browser     BrSerid     BrSerWdm     BrSerWdm     BrUsbMdm     BrUsbSer     BrUsbSer     BthEnum	Name (Default) (Default) (DependOnService ) DependOnService ) DependOnService (DependOnService ) DependOnService (DependOnService ) DependOnService (Default) (De	Type REG_SZ REG_MULTI_SZ REG_SZ REG_SZ REG_DWORD REG_BINARY REG_SZ REG_EXPAND_SZ REG_SZ REG_DWORD REG_DWORD	Data         (value not set)         LanmanWorkstation LanmanServer         @%systemroot%\system32\browser.dll,-101         @%systemroot%\system32\browser.dll,-100         0x00000001 (1)         84 03 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00

Computer\HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\services\Browse

## SC Command

- Included in Windows
- Gives information about Services

C:\Windows\System32>sc qc Browser [SC] QueryServiceConfig SUCCESS SERVICE NAME: Browser 20 WIN32\_SHARE\_PROCESS TYPE START TYPE 3 DEMAND\_START ERROR\_CONTROL NORMAL 1 BINARY\_PATH\_NAME C:\Windows\System32\svchost.exe -k netsvcs LOAD\_ORDER\_GROUP NetworkProvider TAG Й DISPLAY\_NAME **Computer Browser** DEPENDENCIES LanmanWorkstation : LanmanServer SERVICE\_START\_NAME : LocalSystem C:\Windows\System32>

# Component Object Model (COM)

- Allows different software components to share code
- Every thread that uses COM must call OleInitialize or ColnitializeEx before calling other COM libraries

# GUIDs, CLSIDs, IIDs

- COM objects are accessed via Globally Unique Identifiers (GUIDs)
- There are several types of GUIDs, including
  - Class Identifiers (CLSIDs)
    - in Registry at HKEY\_CLASSES\_ROOT\CLSID
  - Interface Identifiers (IIDs)
    - in Registry at HKEY\_CLASSES\_ROOT\Interface
- Link Ch 7f

#### Exceptions

- Exceptions are caused by errors, such as division by zero or invalid memory access
- When an exception occurs, execution transfers to the Structured Exception Handler

# fs:0 Stores Exception Location

Example 8-13. Storing exception-handling information in fs:0 01006170 push loffset loc\_10061C0 01006175 mov eax, large fs:0 0100617B push leax 0100617C mov large fs:0, esp

- FS is one of six Segment Registers
- Link Ch 7g-i

#### Kernel v. User Mode

# **Two Privilege Levels**

- Ring 0: Kernel Mode
- Ring 3: User mode
- Rings 1 and 2 are not used by Windows

   Link Ch 7j



#### User Mode

- Nearly all code runs in user mode
  - Except OS and hardware drivers, which run in kernel mode
- User mode cannot access hardware directly
- Restricted to a subset of CPU instructions
- Can only manipulate hardware through the Windows API

#### User Mode Processes

- Each process has its own memory, security permissions, and resources
- If a user-mode program executes an invalid instruction and crashes, Windows can reclaim the resources and terminate the program

# Calling the Kernel

- It's not possible to jump directly from user mode to the kernel
- SYSENTER, SYSCALL, or INT 0x2E instructions use lookup tables to locate predefined functions

#### Kernel Processes

- All kernel processes share resources and memory addresses
- Fewer security checks
- If kernel code executes an invalid instruction, the OS crashes with the Blue Screen of Death
- Antivirus software and firewalls run in Kernel mode

### Malware in Kernel Mode

- More powerful than user-mode malware
- Auditing doesn't apply to kernel
- Almost all rootkits use kernel code
- Most malware does not use kernel mode

#### The Native API

# The Native API

- Lower-level interface for interacting with Windows
- Rarely used by non-malicious programs
- Popular among malware writers

- Ntdll.dll manages interactions between user space and the kernel
- Ntdll functions make up the Native API



# The Native API

- Undocumented
- Intended for internal Windows use
- Can be used by programs
- Native API calls can be more powerful and stealthier than Windows API calls


## Popular Native API Calls in Malware

- NTtQuerySystemInformation
- NTtQueryInformationProcess
- NTtQueryInformationThread
- NTtQueryInformationFile
- NTtQueryInformationKey
  - Provide much more information than any available Win32 calls

## Popular Native API Calls in Malware

- NtContinue
  - Returns from an exception
  - Can be used to transfer execution in complicated ways
  - Used to confuse analysts and make a program more difficult to debug